

1.	<p><b>Treatment &amp; Condition</b></p> <p>Atezolizumab for untreated PD-L1-positive locally advanced or metastatic urothelial cancer when cisplatin is unsuitable.</p>
2.	<p><b>Associated appraisal body &amp; Summary of ruling</b></p> <p>NICE Technology Appraisal guidance TA492 (July 2018)</p> <p>Atezolizumab (Tecentriq<sup>®</sup>) is recommended for use within the Cancer Drugs Fund as an option for untreated locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma in adults when cisplatin-containing chemotherapy is unsuitable, only if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• their tumours express PD-L1 at a level of 5% or more and</li> <li>• the conditions of the managed access agreement for atezolizumab are followed.</li> </ul>
3.	<p><b>Number of people in Northern Ireland expected to take up service/therapy</b></p> <p>According to the NICE Resource Impact Statement that accompanies TA492, it is estimated that up to 1000 people per year in England are eligible for treatment with atezolizumab. Extrapolated to the Northern Ireland population this equates to 34 people per year who are eligible for treatment in Northern Ireland.</p>
4.	<p><b>Patient Access Scheme Availability</b></p> <p>(<u>Yes/No</u>)</p> <p>The company (Roche) has a managed access arrangement. This makes atezolizumab available to the NHS with a discount. The size of the discount is commercial in confidence.</p> <p>HSC Trusts will be required to claim all relevant reimbursements or discounts that form part of the commercial access arrangement.</p>
5.	<p><b>Infrastructure Requirements</b></p> <p>Any additional infrastructure costs associated with the introduction of new cancer therapies will be dealt with as part of the routine commissioning process.</p>
6.	<p><b>Expected implementation period</b></p> <p>There is no impediment to immediate implementation for new patients.</p>
7.	<p><b>Commissioning arrangements</b></p> <p>This regimen will be formally commissioned by the HSCB/PHA via the Specialist Services Commissioning Team on a cost-per-case (CPC) basis for as long as NICE indicates that funding via the Cancer Drugs Fund is appropriate.</p>

<p><b>8.</b></p>	<p><b>Monitoring arrangements</b></p> <p>The HSCB cost per case process will generate quarterly reports on the number of applications.</p> <p>HSCB currently routinely reviews quarterly monitoring information in relation to the usage of all recurrently specialist cancer drugs across both the Cancer Centre and other Units.</p> <p>The monitoring pro forma will be adapted to capture information in respect of this regimen and this group of patients. This monitoring report is submitted to the Specialist Services Commissioning Team for formal review and comment by the Team.</p> <p>Numbers of patients who received or are receiving treatment will be monitored by the HSC Board and reported to the Department of Health.</p>
<p><b>9.</b></p>	<p><b>DoH (NI) Legislative/Policy Caveats</b></p> <p>This advice does not override or replace the individual responsibility of health professionals to make appropriate decisions in the circumstances of their individual patients, in consultation with the patient and/or guardian or carer. This would, for example, include situations where individual patients have other conditions or complications that need to be taken into account in determining whether the NICE guidance is fully appropriate in their case.</p> <p>The Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016 has been considered and this guidance, which is purely of a technical nature, is not regarded as falling within the scope of the Act.</p>